# COUNCILLOR CODE OF CONDUCT 2022

# As adopted by Credenhill Parish Council

18<sup>th</sup> May 2022

# **Councillor Code of Conduct**

# 1. Introduction

1.1. This code has been adopted by the council as required by section 27 of the Localism Act 2011. The Council has a statutory duty to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members and co-opted members of the council. The code sets out the standards that the council expects members to observe.

### 2. Who does the code apply to?

2.1. The code applies to all members of the council and to all co-opted members of any committee, subcommittee, or joint committee.

#### 3. When does the code apply?

3.1. The code applies whenever a member is acting in their capacity as a member, a representative of the council or when they claim to act or give the impression of acting as a member or representative of the council. It does not seek to regulate what members do in their purely private and personal lives, unless such conduct brings the council into disrepute.

#### 4. What standards of conduct are members required to observe?

4.1. When carrying out their role members should always act in accordance with the seven principles of public life, the council's PEOPLE values and the following standards: The seven principles of public life, the council's PEOPLE values and the following standards;

	The seven principles of public life Standards of conduct						
	The seven principles of public life	Standards of conduct					
Α	Selflessness	A.1 Serve the public					
		A.2 Only take decisions in the public interest					
	Holders of public office should act	A.3 Treat everyone that they deal with equally and with					
	solely in terms of the public interest.	respect and courtesy					
В	Integrity Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends. They must declare and resolve any interests and relationships.	<ul> <li>B.1 Should declare and resolve their interests in accordance with the law and with the provisions of this code of conduct.</li> <li>B.2 Should not place themselves in a position where they either are, or give the appearance that they are, under any financial or other obligation to anyone that might seek to influence them in the performance of their duties as a member</li> <li>B.3 Should not act or take decisions in order to (or attempt to) confer or secure an advantage, disadvantage, financial gain or other material benefits for themselves, their family or close associations</li> <li>B.4 Should declare gifts and hospitality that they are offered whether accepted or not where the value exceeds £20</li> <li>B.5 Maintain confidentiality and not disclose information given</li> </ul>					
		to them in confidence.					
С	Objectivity	C.1 Act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or					
	Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or bias	bias					
D	Accountability	D.1 Be accountable to the public for their decisions and actions					
	Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their decisions and	D.2 Co-operate fully with any scrutiny appropriate to their particular role or office					

	actions and must submit themselves to	D.3 Act in accordance with the member and officer relations			
	the scrutiny necessary to ensure this.	code			
		D.4 Act in accordance with the constitution procedural rules			
		and codes			
		D.5 Do not prevent another person from gaining access to			
-		information to which that person is entitled to by law			
E	Openness	E.1 Be as open as possible about their decisions and actions and should give reason for their decisions and actions			
	Holders of public office should act and	E.2 Complete and maintain an up to date register of interests			
	take decisions in an open and	E.3 Do draw attention to any code of conduct interest when			
	transparent manner. Information should	performing their duties as a member			
	not be withheld from the public unless	E.4 Do not bully, harass, intimidate or attempt to intimidate			
	there are clear and lawful reasons for	any person			
	so doing.				
F	Honesty	F.1 Be truthful			
		F.2 Declare any private interests that relate to their duties as			
	Holders of public office should be	a member and resolve any such conflict in a way that			
	truthful.	protects the public interest			
		F.3 Only use the resources of the council in accordance with			
		the reasonable requirements set out for their use from			
		time to time.			
G	Leadership	G.1 Actively promote and robustly support leadership principles			
	Holders of public office should exhibit	G.2 Be willing to challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs			
	these principles in their own behaviour.	G.3 Never undertake any action which would bring the			
	They should actively promote and	council, members or officers into disrepute			
	robustly support the principles and be	G.4 Never make vexatious, malicious or frivolous complaints			
	willing to challenge poor behaviour	against other members or anyone who works for, or on			
	wherever it occurs.	behalf of, your council.			

#### 5. Code of conduct interests

#### 6. Registerable Interests

- 7. Within 28 days of this Code being adopted by the Council, or the member's election or the co-opted member's appointment (where that is later), he/she shall register with the Monitoring Officer the interests which fall within the categories set out in Schedules 1 and 2.
- 8. Upon the re-election of a member or the re-appointment of a co-opted member, he/she shall within 28 days re-register with the Monitoring Officer any interests in Schedules 1 and 2.
- 9. A member shall register with the Monitoring Officer any change to interests or new interests in Schedules 1 and 2 within 28 days of becoming aware of it.
- 10. A member need only declare the existence but not the details of any interest which the Monitoring Officer agrees is a 'sensitive interest'. A sensitive interest is one which, if disclosed on a public register, could lead the member or a person connected with the member to be subject to violence or intimidation.
- 11. The monitoring officer will maintain a register of interests which can be inspected at Herefordshire Council, Herefordshire Council, Democratic Services, Plough Lane, Hereford, HR4 0LE and found at: <u>http://councillors.herefordshire.gov.uk/mgParishCouncilDetails.aspx?ID=679&LS=3</u>
- 12. The register of interests contains two schedules. Schedule 1 are interests defined by regulations made under section 30(3) of the Localism Act 2011("the Act"), Schedule 2 are interests that Herefordshire Council considers are appropriate to register and disclose.

**13. Schedule 1 Interests** (defined as disclosable pecuniary interests under the Act) may be amended from time to time by regulation but at 25 May 2018 were:-

Employment, office,	Any employment, office, trade, profession, or vocation carried out for profit or
trade or profession	gain
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant council) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by a person in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of that person
Contracts	<ul> <li>Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the relevant council</li> <li>1. Under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and</li> <li>2. Which has not been fully discharged</li> </ul>
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant council
Licenses	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant council for a month or longer
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the persons knowledge): 1. The landlord is the relevant council; and 2. The tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest
Securities	<ul> <li>Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where:</li> <li>1. That body (to the persons knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant council; and</li> <li>2. Either:-</li> <li>2.1 The total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or</li> <li>2.2 If the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares in any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest that exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class</li> </ul>

# 14. Schedule 2 interests are:

Membership of any body:

- a) exercising functions of a public nature; or
- b) directed to charitable purposes; or
- c) whose principal purposes include the influencing public opinion or policy (including any political party); or
- d) is not open to the public without formal membership.

This does not include subscription, or membership of any body to which the member is appointed or nominated by the council.

Any gifts or hospitality which the member has been offered by virtue of their office (whether accepted or refused) where in excess of £20.

Trade Union membership.

#### 15. Other declarable interests

**16.** If a matter to be considered affects the welfare or financial position (positively or negatively) of the member, a member of their family, and or a close personal associate to a greater extent than others in the member's ward: then there is a requirement to declare such an interest.

# 17. Dispensations

18. On a written request made to the Council's proper officer, the Council may grant a member a dispensation to participate in a discussion and vote on a matter at a meeting even if he/she has an interest in Schedules 1 and 2 if the Council believes that the number of members otherwise prohibited from taking part in the meeting would impede the transaction of the business; or it is in the interests of the inhabitants in the Council's area to allow the member to take part or it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.

#### 19. Declarations of interests in meetings

20. The below table, article 21, shows how an interest should be treated during a meeting when a matter arises which relates to a registerable or other interest as detailed above.

**21.** Where a member has a registrable or other interest as detailed above the following applies:

What is the	interest?	Do I have to complete the form and register?	Do I have to declare this interest?	When do I disclose the interest?	Can I participate?	Can I vote?	Do I have to leave the room?
Schedule 1		Yes Within 28 days of: • Election • re-election • disclosing in a meeting a previously undisclosed interest • becoming aware of any change or new interests	Yes verbally At a meeting Yes Where making a decision either as an individual member or collectively Yes When acting in the capacity of a member <u>If the interest is in the matter</u> <u>being considered</u>	As soon as you are aware that you have an interest (unless determined as a sensitive interest)	No (unless a dispensation has been granted)	Νο	Yes
Schedule 2		Yes As per schedule 1 interests above	Yes As per schedule 1 interests above	As soon as you are aware that you have an interest	No	No	Yes
Other declarable	Welfare	No	Yes As per schedule 1 interests	As soon as you are aware that you	Yes	Yes	No
interests	Financial	No	above	have an interest	No	No	No